	GULF ISLANDS LAND USE BYLAWS COMPARISON						
	ISLAND	LOT COVERAGE	STRUCTURE	LOT COVERAGE MAXIMUM	CISTERNS or WATER STORAGE TANKS		
1.	Mudge Island Land Use Bylaw, 2007	Lot coverage means the total area of a lot covered by buildings and structures measured within the outer most walls, or if there are no walls, measured to the outer edge of the drip-line, expressed as a percentage	Structure means any construction and human made land alteration fixed to, supported by, or sunk into land or water; for clarity septic fields, septic tanks, absorption fields and related appurtenances, concrete and asphalt paving or similar surfacing of the land, and retaining structures are considered structures.	Rural Residential (RR) Lot Coverage (4) The maximum lot coverage is 10%.	Cistern or water storage not mentioned.		
2.	Bowen Island Municipality Bylaw No. 57, 2002 Land Use Bylaw	Lot coverage means the percentage of the lot area covered by the horizontal footprint of all buildings and structures, including accessory buildings or structures.	Structure means any construction installed on, supported by or sunk into land or water, but does not include a fence or flat areas intended for pedestrian or vehicle movement surfaced by concrete, asphalt, brick or tile or other materials.	RR1, RR2, RR3 Maximum combined lot coverage of all buildings and structures calculated as follows: 100 m2 plus 3.5% of lot area to a maximum of 1500 m2	Cisterns not mentioned, HEIGHT EXCEPTIONS 3.15 Any of the following may exceed the height limitations specified for each zone of this Bylaw provided that the lot coverage of such structures does not exceed 1% or, if it is located on a building, the structure does not occupy more than 10% of the roof area of the building:7 water storage tanks		
3.	Denman Island Land	Lot coverage means the percentage of the total area of the lot covered by	Structure means anything constructed or erected that is fixed to,	Maximum combined lot coverage of buildings and structures RR1, 25%	Cisterns mentioned in Subdivision regulations section 2.2 General Height Regulations		

4.	Island Local Trust Committee Bylaw No. 127, 1999 [Land Use]	lot coverage means the total area of those portions of a lot that are covered by buildings or structures divided by the area of the lot, and for this purpose the area of a lot that is covered by a roofed building or structure is measured to the drip line of the roof and structures includes asphalt and concrete paving. [but see 17.1.48]	supported by or sunk into land or water, whether underwater or otherwise, but excludes vehicles, floating vessels, ground-level paving for driveways and vehicle parking, ground-level sidewalks, detached ground-level patios and decks, detached access stairways and boardwalks, powerpoles and telecommunication poles; 17.1.48 structure means anything that is constructed or erected and that is fixed to, supported by or sunk into land or water, but does not include paved parking areas or utility lines.	RR2, 25% RR3 n/a 5.1.4 Rural Residential Zone – RR BL 239 5.4.4 Lot coverage must not exceed 25% of any lot	1 Despite any regulations in the zoning tables in Part 3, height restrictions do not apply towater storage tanks that are attached to and accessory to a principal use. 2.11 The floor area occupied by any cistern located in a building and the housing provided for such cistern may be excluded from the calculation of the floor area of the building and the lot coverage of the lot on which it is located. 2.7 The height limits set out in this section do not apply to anywater storage tank
5.	Gambier Island Land Use Bylaw No. 86, 2004	Lot coverage means the total area of those portions of a lot that are covered by buildings or structures (not including projections from the building or structure that do not require support on the land such as roof	Structure means anything that is constructed or erected and that is fixed to, supported by or sunk into land or water, excluding fences, surfaced areas of gravel,	5.2 Rural Residential (RR) Zone (5) Maximum lot coverage for all buildings and structures: (a) Lots less than 1 hectare in area: 25%; (b) Lots 1 hectare to less than 2 hectare in area: 20%;	Cisterns not mentioned 3.5 Height Regulations (1) Any of the following may exceed the height limitations specified for each zone of this Bylaw provided that the lot coverage of such structures does not exceed 1% or, if it is located on a building, the structure does not

		overhangs) whether expressed as a maximum percentage of lot area or as square metres	concrete or other similar material comprising driveways, uncovered patios, uncovered parking areas.	(c) Lots 2 hectares to less than 3 hectares in area: 18%; (d) Lots 3 hectares to less than 4 hectare in area: 15%; (e) Lots 4 hectares to less than 10 hectares in area: 12% (f) Lots 10 hectares and greater in area: 10%.	occupy more than 10% of the roof area of the building: (g) Water storage tanks
6.	Hornby Island Land Use Bylaw No. 150, 2014 – Schedule A	lot coverage means the proportion of the lot area that is covered by buildings and structures including, where such use is permitted, a recreational vehicle used for a residential use, expressed as a percentage of the lot area;	structure means any object or construction fixed to, supported by or embedded in land including retaining walls and stairs and excludes loose stones and concrete, other paved surfaces, storage of building materials, septic fields, tanks, absorption fields and related appurtenances.	8.1 Residential 1 – Small Lot (R1) Zone (Galleon Beach, Shingle Spit, Sandpiper, Whaling Station Bay/Anderson Drive and portion of Klaver Lot) (3) Lot coverage must not exceed 10% of any lot having an area of 1.0 hectare or more, nor 15% of any lot having an area of less than 1.0 hectare. Residential 2 – Large Lot (R2) Zone (3) Lot coverage must not exceed 10% of any lot having an area of 1.0 hectare or more, nor 15% of any lot having an area of less than 1.0 hectare.	3.5 Accessory Uses, Buildings and Structures (2) The floor area occupied by a cistern used for domestic water or irrigation purposes is excluded from the calculation of the floor area of any accessory building or structure
7.	Lasqueti Island Land Use Bylaw No. 78, 2005	lot means parcel as defined in this Bylaw; [lot coverage is not defined and appears only in 3.6(c)(ii) parking lot home enterprise]	structure means a construction of any kind, whether fixed to, supported by, or sunk into land or water, including buildings, display signs, poles and towers, platforms, breakwaters, sheds, bins, stadia, tanks, but shall not include fences and walls;	4.2. LAND BASED (LB) (2) Maximum Number and Size of Buildings and Structures Except where otherwise regulated in this Bylaw, the following buildings and structures and no others are permitted on any parcel of land. (a) Dwellings, subject to Subsection 3.9; (b) Agricultural accessory buildings and structures necessary for the operation of a farm, including accessory buildings that contain	Cisterns or water storage not mentioned

				temporary living quarters for	
				transient agricultural workers;	
				(c) Accessory buildings and	
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
				structures;	
				(d) Other non-residential buildings	
				and structures to accommodate the	
				permitted uses set out in this zone.	
				3.9. Dwellings and Guest Cabins Per	
				Lot	
				(1) Unless otherwise regulated in	
				this Bylaw, any upland lot is	
				permitted to have one dwelling.	
				(2) Unless otherwise regulated in	
				this Bylaw, the following number of	
				dwellings are permitted per lot:	
				(a) Subdivision District A: one (1)	
				dwelling per four (4) hectares (9.88	
				acres) of lot area.	
				(b) Subdivision District B: one (1)	
				dwelling per eight (8) hectares	
				(19.76 acres) of lot area.	
				(c) Subdivision District C: one (1)	
				dwelling per 65 hectares (160.61	
				acres) of lot area.	
				(3) For each permitted dwelling, a	
				guest cabin not exceeding 56	
				square metres (602.7 square feet)	
				in floor area is permitted.	
				(4) For the purpose of calculating	
				density, six (6) tenting sites are	
				considered equivalent to one	
L		_		dwelling density.	
8.	Mayne	Lot coverage means the total	Structure means	5.2 Rural Residential One (RR1)	See lot coverage and structure.
	Island Land	area of those portions of a	anything that is	Zone	
	Use Bylaw	lot that are covered by	constructed or erected	The purpose of the Rural Residential	
	, No. 146,	buildings or structures	and that is fixed to,	Zone is to provide regulations for	
	•	_	•	-	
		lot, exclusive of the floor	into land or water, but	acknowledging historical situations	
	2008	divided by the area of the	supported by or sunk	areas of limited application used for	

		area occupied by any cistern used for the collection of rainwater for domestic use or fire protection, and for this purpose the area of a lot that is covered by a roofed building or structure is measured to the drip line of the roof.	does not include septic fields, septic tanks, sewage absorption fields, wells, underground water storage tanks and related appurtenances below ground, paved parking areas or similar	of multiple land owners where individuals bought land cooperatively as a company expecting that each share holder could build a dwelling and guest cottage. (4) The maximum lot coverage is 10%.	
			surfacing, concrete and asphalt paving, or similar surfacing of the land.		
P IS T C L B	North Pender sland Local Trust Committee Land Use Bylaw No. 103, 1996	BL 118 lot coverage means the total area of those portions of a lot that are covered by buildings and structures, divided by the area of the lot, and for this purpose the area of a lot that is covered by a building or structure is measured to the drip line of the roof.	BL 115 structure means anything that is constructed or erected and that is fixed to, supported by or sunk into land or water, but excludes fences, septic fields, concrete and asphalt paving, or similar surfacing of the land.	8.1 Rural Residential (RR) Zone 8.1.4 Lot Coverage (1) Lot coverage may not exceed 25 percent.	3.8 Height Exceptions BL 179 3.8.1 The height regulations for buildings and structures specified elsewhere in this Bylaw do not apply towater storage tanks in the Community Service (CS) Zone. BL 115, 179 floor area means the total area of all storeys of a building measured to the outer surface of the exterior walls, exclusive of any floor area occupied by any cistern used for the collection of rainwater for domestic use or fire protection, and for this purpose, all areas of a building having a floor and a ceiling of at least 1.5 metres apart constitute a storey. 4.6.8 To the extent that is practicable, surface drainage systems must be designed so as to permit withdrawal of water for fire suppression from storm water retention facilities and drainage ditches, and the use of storm water to recharge fire protection cisterns.

10. Salt Spring Island Land Use Bylaw 1999	d area on the horizontal plane	structure means any material or combination of materials that are constructed for use, occupancy or ornamentation whether installed on, above or below the surface of land or water, but excludes paving. paving means any graded, hardened, and relatively impervious surface covered with materials comprised of asphalt, concrete, masonry, crushed gravel or combinations of them.	9.9.2 Size, Siting and Density of Permitted Uses, Buildings and Structures BL371 (10/01) (1) Subject to Part 4, buildings and structures in the Residential Zones must comply BL461 (05/13) with the following regulations regarding size, siting and density: Maximum combined per cent lot coverage of all buildings and structures R1 33% R2 25% R3 33%	Cisterns not mentioned. Water storage tanks mentioned only in Schedule B Ballpark Specifications
11. Saturna Island Loca Trust Committee Land Use Bylaw No. 78, 2002	buildings and structures	structure means any construction fixed to, supported by, or sunk into land or water, but excludes concrete and asphalt paving and similar surfacing, septic tanks, sewage disposal fields, and buried water tanks.	4.1 RURAL RESIDENTIAL ZONE (RR) Lot Coverage 4.1.5 On lots less than .4 hectare (one acre), lot coverage for buildings and structures shall not exceed 20 %.	Water Storage BL # 99 A building permit shall not be issued for any residential building, visitor accommodation unit, or addition to a residential building or visitor accommodation unit in the water management area depicted on Schedule C unless a building on the lot is equipped with a water catchment system and cistern(s) for the storage of rainwater. Minimum cistern capacity is required as follows: A minimum cistern capacity of 21820 litres (4800 gallons) is required for any new construction of a residence or visitor accommodation unit, or any addition to a residence or visitor

12. South Pender Island Land Use Bylaw No. 114, 2016	lot coverage means the total area of those portions of a lot that are covered by buildings and structures, divided by the area of the lot, for this purpose the area of a lot that is covered by a roofed building or structure is measured to the drip line of the roof and for the purpose of lot coverage regulations in Part 5 the common property in a bare land strata plan is a lot if it is used for accessory buildings or structures.	structure means a construction or portion thereof of any kind that is fixed to, supported by or sunk into land or water, but excludes septic fields, septic tanks, and related appurtenances below ground, wells, landscaping, concrete and asphalt paving, and similar surfacing of the land, and retaining structures less than 1.2 metres (4 feet) in height at all points	Less than 0.4 ha (1acre) 0.4 ha to 0.79 ha (1 to 2 acres)	RR3 Floor Area The total floor area of all buildings may not exceed: 465 m2 (5000ft2) 557 m2 (6000ft2)	per lot: The floor area of a dwelling may not exceed: 353 m2 (3800ft2) 418 m2 (4500ft2)	accommodation unit that exceeds 11.6 square metres (125 square feet) of floor area. floor area means the sum of the horizontal areas of all storeys in a building, measured to the outer surface of the exterior walls, exclusive of any floor area occupied by a cistern used for the storage of water for domestic use or fire protection, and exclusive of all areas of a storey having a floor and a ceiling less than 1.5 metres apart. 3.5 Accessory Buildings and Structures (5) The floor area occupied by any cistern used for the storage of water for domestic, irrigation, or fire protection purposes may be excluded from the calculation of the floor area of any accessory building or structure. 3.14 Groundwater Protection (1) A building permit shall not be issued for a new building to be used as a dwelling on a lot in the RR(1), RR(2) or RR(3) zones unless a building on the lot is equipped with a rainwater catchment system and cistern(s) for the storage of rainwater with a minimum cistern capacity of 9,000 litres (1980 gallons).	
13. Thetis Island Land Use Bylaw, 2011	lot coverage means the percentage of the area of a lot that is covered by buildings and structures and for this purpose the area of a lot that is covered by a roofed building or structure	anything that is constructed or erected and that is fixed to, supported by or sunk into land or water, but excludes vehicles, floating vessels, ground	Structures g) Maximu	5	Buildings and delot coverage ture	cistern means a tank or reservoir used for storing rainwater or groundwater. 2.2.3. Cisterns and buildings or structures for the sole purpose of housing cisterns may project into the setback area up to one half of the setback distance for structures in the zone.	

	is measured to the drip line of the roof.	level paving for driveways and vehicle parking, ground level sidewalks, power poles, telephone poles, wells and associated pumps and pipes, and sewerage systems and their associated pumps and pipes.		
14. Land Use Bylaw for Thetis Associated Islands No. 94, 2014 (Serving Ruxton, Reid, Pylades, Hudson, Dayman, Scott, Tree, and Whaleboat Islands	lot coverage means the total horizontal area at grade of those portions of a lot that are covered by buildings and structures, exclusive of decks not exceeding 1.2 metres in height at any point, measured to the outermost perimeter of a building or structure, divided by the area of the lot, and expressed as a percentage. The area of a lot that is covered by a roofed building or structure is measured to the drip line of the roof.	structure means a construction or portion thereof of any kind that is fixed to, supported by or sunk into land or water, but excludes landscaping, septic fields, septic tanks, sewage absorption fields and related underground appurtenances and concrete and asphalt paving or similar surfacing of the land.	5.1 Residential One – (R1) Information Note: The purpose of the Residential One Zone is to provide for the regulation of the development of residential areas on Ruxton Island. (2) The maximum density in the R1 zone is 1 dwelling per lot. (3) The maximum lot coverage in the R1 zone is 15 percent. Residential Two – (R2) Information Note: The purpose of the Residential Two Zone is to provide for the regulation of the development of residential areas on Scott, Reid, and Tree Islands. Density (2) The maximum density in the R2 zone is 1 dwelling per lot. (3) The maximum lot coverage in	floor area means the sum of the horizontal areas of all storeys in a building, measured to the outer surface of the exterior walls, exclusive of any floor area occupied by a cistern used for the collection of rainwater for domestic use or fire protection, and exclusive of any space where a floor and a ceiling are less than 1.5 metres apart, and includes the floor area of balconies, decks, porches and similar projections fully enclosed by siding, glazing, screening or other materials. For certainty if a balcony, deck, porch or similar projection is not fully enclosed then the floor of such projections is excluded from any calculation of floor area.
15. Valdes Island Rural Land Use Bylaw, 1998	parcel means the smallest unit in which land is designated as a separate and distinct parcel on a legally recorded plan or description or strata plan filed in the Land Title Office;	structure means any construction fixed to or embedded in land, but also includes movable buildings used for dwelling, storage or permitted accessory	the R2 zone is 15 percent. 5.2.5 Recreational Home (RH) Zone The following uses and no others are permitted in the (RH) Zone: single residence guest cottage open land recreation home occupation	Cistern not mentioned. 4.1.5 Height Exceptions Height restrictions do not apply towater storage tanks

parcel coverage means the	use; however, decks or	accessory buildings and structures
total of the horizontal areas	patios not attached to	Maximum Number and Size of
of the floors at ground level	buildings and not	Buildings and Structures
of all buildings and	exceeding 0.7 metres in	one dwelling unit per parcel
structures, as measured	average height above	one guest cottage not exceeding 65
from the outermost	the natural grade are	square metres (700 ft.2) per parcel
perimeter, expressed as a	not structures;	parcel coverage for dwelling, guest
percentage of the area of		cottage, accessory buildings and
the parcel;		structures shall not exceed 5%
		Minimum Parcel Size
		1 hectares (2.47 acres)